THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICUTURE, (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR) : (a) and (b) No, Sir. According preliminary estimates the target of oilseed production is likely to be achieved during 1993-94.

**Proposal to increase Production of Oilseeds**

1543. SHRI RAMNARAYAN GOSWAMI : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether there is any proposal to increase the production of oilseed in the country ;

(b) if so, the details thereof ;

(c) whether more areas would be brought under the oilseed production ; and

(d) if so, the details thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) In order to increase the production of oilseeds, Centrally Sponsored Oilseed Production Programme (OPP) is operative in 21 States covering 325 districts. Under this programme assistance is provided to the farmers for production and distribution of seeds, plant protection chemicals and equipment, improved farm implements, sprinkler sets, rhyzobium culture, gypsum/pyrites micro-nutrients. In addition, frontline demonstration and block demonstrations are organised by ICAR and State Department of Agriculture on farmer's fields. The Government of India has made financial allocation of Rs. 97.5 crores for 1993-94 for O.P.P.

(c) and (d) There are possibilities to increase area under Soyabean and Sunflower in Kharif and under Mustard, Sunflower and Groundnut in Rabi in the States of Andhra Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Maharashtra, Gujarat, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu Punjab, Haryana and Uttar Pradesh.

**Oilseed Production**

1544. SHRI E. BALANANDAN : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether there is any shortage of oilseed production in the country during the year 1993-94 ;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor ; and

(c) the steps taken or proposed to be taken to fulfil the shortage ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR) : (a) and (b) The production target of oilseeds is likely to be achieved during 1993-94.

(c) To increase the production of oilseeds a Centrally Sponsored Oilseed Production Programme (OPP) is under implementation in 325 districts of 21 States. Under the programme assistance is provided for production and distribution of seeds, supply of plant protection chemicals and equipments, improved farm implements, sprinkler sets, opening of retail outlets, Gypsum/ Pyrites Micronutrients distribution to the farmers.

**खाद्यान्नों का अनुमानित उत्पादन**

1545. **श्रीमती सरला माहेश्वरी** : क्या कृषि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) वर्ष 1993-94 के दौरान खाद्यान्नों का उत्पादन कितना होने का अनुमान है ;

(ख) क्या खाद्यान्नों का उत्पादन इस सम्बन्ध में निर्धारित लक्ष्य के अनुरूप होगा या इसमें गिरावट आएगी ; और

(ग) यदि इसमें गिरावट आई है तो उसके क्या कारण है ?

**कृषि मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री अरविन्द नेताम)** : (क) वर्तमान मूल्यांकन के अनुसार 1993-94 में खाद्यान्नों का उत्पादन लगभग 179 10 मिलियन मीटरी टन होने की आशा है।

(ख) वर्तमान वर्ष के दौरान खाद्यान्नों का उत्पादन निर्धारित लक्ष्य से कम होने की संभावना है।

(ग) राजस्थान, गुजरात, मध्य प्रदेश आदि जैसे कुछ राज्यों में अगस्त तथा मध्य सितम्बर 1993 के दौरान लम्बे समय तक सूखा पड़ने, मानसून के बाद के मौसम (अक्तूबर—दिसम्बर) 1993 के दौरान कम वर्षा होने तथा अपेक्षाकृत उर्वरकों की खपत में कमी होने के कारण 1993-94 के दौरान खाद्यानों का उत्पादन लक्ष्य से कम हुआ।

**Effect of Gatt Agreement on Indian Agriculture**

1546. SHRI S. S. SURJEWALA : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) what will be the effect of the GATT Agreement on the Indian Agricultural Sector and on the Indian farmers ; and

(b) whether Indian Farmers will be free to produce, preserve, sell and sow the seeds produced by them ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR) : (a) The GATT Agreement on Agriculture would benefit both the Indian Agriculture Sector and the Indian farmers. It would provide increased market access for the export of our agricultural commodities to other Member countries without however, making it obligatory for us to import. Whereas we do not have any obligation to undertake subsidy reduction commitments our agricultural products would become more competitive in the international market, due to subsidy reductions by other countries.

(b) The sui-generis system of law proposed to be formulated by the Ministry of Agriculture will safeguard the traditional inalienable rights of our farmers to produce, preserve, sell and sow the non-branded seed on a non-commercial basis.

**Production of Rice**

1547. SHRI RAM RATAN RAM : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) what is the estimated production of Rice during the year 1993-94 ; and

(b) whether Government intends to import rice in the year 1994-95 ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ARVIND NETAM) : (a) According to the present assessment, the production of rice for the country as a whole during 1993-94 is expected to be about 74.0 million tonnes.

(b) There is no proposal to import rice during 1994-95.

**Investment in Agricultural Research**

1548. SHRI GOVINDRAO ADIK : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that investment in agricultural research and technology is stagnating at 0.32 per cent of the total agricultural GDP for the last two decades in the country ;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) what steps Government have so far taken or propose to take in this regard to motivate farmers to take agriculture as a commercial profession ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR) : (a) and (b) Sir, the details of expenditure are presented in the enclosed Statement. (See below).

This does not include expenditure by the State Governments on the State Agriculture Universities and other research units operated by them. Since agriculture is a State subject, such expenditures are quite significant.

(c) The Government has taken steps to provide for the timely announcement of prices and making available inputs at the right time to help farmers to go for crops having higher commercial value. Ministry will also implement crop production scheme and transfer of technology programmes for exposing farmers to the latest technologies.